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### **Product Information**

# Cytoplasmic, Mitochondrial and Nuclear Protein Extraction Kit

Catalog Number: VMCN-002

# **Description:**

This kit is designed for extracting intact nuclear proteins, mitochondrial proteins and native, non-denatured cytoplasmic proteins from various cell types or tissues, prepared for EMSA, ELISA, 1D and 2D electrophoresis, Western blotting, TF-TF interaction arrays and other protein/DNA assays.

### Kit contains:

Components Quantity (50 extractions) Storage

Cytoplasmic Lysis Buffer (C207020, Blue sticker) 25.0 mL 2-8°C

Cytoplasmic Washing Buffer (C207030 Purple sticker) 15.0 mL 2-8°C

Mitochondrial Lysis Buffer (M207060, Yellow cap) 1.5 mL 2-8°C

Nuclear Lysis Buffer (N207040, Green sticker) 2.5 mL 2-8°C

DTT, 1M (Dissolved in 0.1 ml ddH 2O) 1 vial -20°C

Protease/Phosphatase Inhibitors (I208052) 1 vial -20°C supplied in DMSO, contains optimized AEBSF, Aprotinin, E64, Leupeptin, Pepstatin A, Sodium fluoride, Sodium orthovanadate and Sodium pyrophosphate.

# **Protocol:** (Keep all buffers and cell/tissue samples on ice)

\*Prepare working reagents prior to proceeding.

For 10 Extractions: (10e7 cells or 50 mg tissues/Extraction)

Cytoplasmic Lysis Buffer (5ml) add 5.0ul (1M DTT ) and 100ul Protease/phosphatase Inhibitors (1208052)

Cytoplasmic Washing Buffer (3.0ml) add 2.0ul (1M DTT) and 30ul Protease/phosphatase Inhibitors (1208052)

Mitochondria Lysis Buffer (0.3ml) add 0.5ul (1M DTT ) and 20ul Protease/phosphatase Inhibitors (1208052)

Nuclear Lysis Buffer (0.5ml) add 0.5ul (1M DTT ) and 20ul Protease/phosphatase Inhibitors (1208052)

## 1. Preparation of samples from culturing/frozen cells:

 Harvest cells (1x 10e7 cells) as usual and wash cells once with 1.0ml 1x ice-cold PBS/DPBS, centrifuge at 1,600 rpm for 8 minutes, aspirate liquids. Add 500ul cytoplasmic lysis buffer to resuspend cell pellet. Gently pipette up and down several times and incubate on ice for 10 minutes.

# **Preparation of samples from tissues:**

- Weigh 50mg frozen/ fresh tissues and chop tissues into small pieces using a clean razor blade.
  Immediately transfer into a 2.0ml microcentrifuge tube contained 500ul cytoplasmic lysis buffer. Vortex at mid-speed for 20 seconds and incubate on ice for 10 minutes.
- 2. Homogenization:
  - 1) Using a clean pre-chilled Teflon pestle homogenizer to homogenize the tissues for 10-20 strokes on ice, simply spin down the cells/tissue suspension and continue to homogenize tissues another 10-20 strokes.
  - 2) (**Alternative-1**): Prepare a syringe with a needle gauged between 23 and 25. Pass cells/tissues through needle about 20 times to disrupt the cell membrane and release the intact nuclei and organelles.

- 3) (**Alternative-2**): Using a pre-chilled, clean Dounce homogenizer to homogenize the cells/tissues twice at speed 4 (moderate) speed for 20 seconds.
- 3. Centrifuge the homogenization at 2500 rpm for 20 minutes at 4°C. Transfer the supernatant (containing the cytosolic proteins and intact mitochondria organelles) to a clean pre-chilled 1.5ml microcentrifuge tube. Keep the pellet on ice for nuclear proteins extraction.
- 4. Centrifuge the supernatant at 3000 rpm for 8 minutes at 4°C to remove the remained cellular debris. Discard the pellet.
- 5. Transfer the supernatant to a new 1.5ml pre-chilled tube and centrifuge at 14,000 xg for 15 minutes at 4°C to separate the soluble cytoplasmic proteins and the mitochondria pellet.

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- 6.Immediately transfer the supernatant (**cytoplasmic/cytosolic protein fractions**) into a clean prechilled microcentrifuge tube and place the tube on ice. This is cytosolic protein fractions.
- 7. Add <u>30ul of mitochondrial lysis buffer (yellow cap)</u> to resuspend the mitochondria pellet and incubate on ice for 15 minutes, vortex vigorously at highest speed for 10 seconds every 5 minutes. This is the mitochondrial protein fractions.
- 8. Add <u>300ul of cytoplasmic washing buffer</u> to resuspend the nuclear pellet from **step 3.** Centrifuge at 14,000 xg for 30 seconds at 4°C. Aspirate liquids. (The remained cytoplasmic fractions were washed out).
- 9. Resuspend the pellet in <u>50ul of nuclear lysis buffer</u> and vortex vigorously for 10 seconds. Incubate the suspension for 30 minutes on ice (vortex 10 seconds every 10 minutes).
- 10. Centrifuge at 14000xg for 10 minutes at 4°C. Transfer the supernatant (nuclear protein fractions) to a clean pre-chilled microcentrifuge tube.
  - 11. Determine the protein concentrations of cytoplasmic (cytosolic), mitochondrial and nuclear with spectrometers, by Bradford or by BCA Assay. Store all the extracts aliquots at -80°C.

## Flow Chart of Protein Extraction:

Cells (10e7)/ Tissues (50mg)

Add cytoplasmic lysis buffer (500ul) Homogenization, spin, 20 minutes

Supernatant-----Pellet

(Cytoplasmic proteins and mitochondria) (Nuclei)

Spin, 15 minutes washing buffer (300ul)

spin, 30 seconds

Supernatant-----Pellet Pellet

(Cytoplasmic proteins) (mitochondria) (Nuclei)

Add mitochondria lysis buffer (30ul) Add nuclear lysis buffer (50ul) Incubate, 15 minutes Incubate 30 minutes, spin 10 minutes

## **Suspension Supernatant**

(Mitochondria proteins) (Nuclear proteins)

## Additional information:

- The nuclear protein markers: Lamin B (68kDa), LaminA/C (70 KDa), HDAC, Histone H1 (33KDa), Histon H4(43KDa);
- The cytoplasmic protein markers: GAPDH, anti-b-actin;
- The membrane protein markers: EGFR, Na+/K+ ATPase, anti-Sp1;
- The cytoskeleton protein markers: Vimentin.
- The lysosome protein markers: LAMP1/2/3. Capthepsin D.
- The peroxisome protein markers: PMP70.
- The Zmtech protease/phosphatase Inhibitors (I208052) supplied in DMSO, contains optimized AEBSF,

Aprotinin, E64, Leupeptin, Pepstatin A, Sodium fluoride, Sodium Orthovanadate and Sodium pyrophosphate.